#### TIME

## Pearson Edexcel - Thursday 4 June 2020 - Paper 2 (Calculator) Foundation Tier

1.

6	Yes with supporting calculations	M1	for ONE correct time conversion seen or used eg 105 (mins) is 1 (hr) 45 (mins) or 16 45 – 14 30 = 2 hr 15 mins or 14 30 + 1 (hr) + 45(mins)	May be implied by a correct calculation 1 hr = 60 mins is not enough for this mark
		M1	for a full method to make a comparison eg for adding 20 and 105 to 14 30 (=16 35) or for subtracting 20 and 105 from 16 45 (=14 40) or for finding the time differences eg 16 45 – 14 30 (= 2 hr 15 mins) and 105 + 20 (=125 mins) or adding 105 to 14:30 (= 16 15) and 1645 – "16 15" (=30)	Intention to do the correct calculation or calculations is enough for this mark Accept any sensible time notation throughout (pm is not required)
		C1	correct conclusion from the comparison of accurate figure(s) eg Yes and 16 35 or 4.35(pm) 14 40 or 2.40(pm) or for 2 hours 5 minutes and 2 hours 15 minutes oe or for 10 minutes spare or 30 ( minutes to get to the bus stop)	Yes may be implied by a statement

## Pearson Edexcel - Tuesday 21 May 2019 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Foundation Tier

2.

	1	3	B1	cao	
- 1					

## Pearson Edexcel - Thursday 6 June 2019 - Paper 2 (Calculator) Foundation Tier

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	12	(a)	7	B1	cao	
		(b)	1 hr 38 mins	M1	for a complete method to find the time difference eg. $9\ 00-7\ 22$ OR a calculation on a number line, may be seen in any time format OR work in parts eg hours and minutes, may work in any units, eg. $60-22\ (=38)+1$ hour OR a clear build up method from $07\ 22$ to $09\ 00$ OR for correct values seen in an incorrect format, eg. $1.38\ or\ 1:38\ or\ 98$ without units	
				A1	1 hr 38 (mins) or 98 minutes or 1.63 hrs	

## Pearson Edexcel - Tuesday 12 June 2018 - Paper 3 (Calculator) Foundation Tier

4.

9	(a)	40	BI	cao	86%
	(b)	Yes (supported)	PI	for process shown to add a time to departure time eg $8.45 + 0.17$ or $8.45 + 0.15$ or $8.45 + 0.15 + 0.17$ OR for process to work out time at work after arrival at Manchester bus stop eg " $9.35$ " + $15$ OR finds accumulated additional time eg $17 + 15$ (= $32$ ) OR start to work backwards eg $10.00 - 0.15$	There must be some attempt to add but not necessarily complete or correct (eg 8.62). "9.35" must be a given time ie from 0905, 0935, 0955, 1010, 1025, or 1048.  Process must be shown.
			Pl	for process to use a bus time from Whitefield to Manchester with other times eg 0904 to 0935 with use of 17 or 15	Do not award in cases of ambiguity.
			C1	for conclusion of "Yes" supported by correct figures eg states 9.50 or comparable figures eg 9.35 and 25 (spare)	There needs to be a conclusion eg Yes or equivalent words supported by correct figures; if C mark fully evidenced award 3 marks.
			P1	Alternative scheme for process shown to find a duration of time using given figures eg 8.45 to 10.00, 8.34 to 9.05, 10.14 to 10.48	There must be some attempt to find a duration of time but not necessarily complete or correct. Process must be shown.
			Pl	for process to find the total travelling time eg 17 + 31 + 15 or 17 + 2 + 31 + 15	31 can come from any bus apart from the last bus which is 34
			C1	for conclusion of "Yes" supported by correct figures eg comparable figures eg 65 < 75 <b>or</b> 75 – 65 (= 10)	There needs to be a conclusion eg Yes or equivalent words supported by correct figures; if C mark fully evidenced award 3 marks.

#### Pearson Edexcel - Wednesday 8 November 2017 - Paper 3 (Calculator) Foundation Tier

5.

4	(a)	5.80 × 3 + 7.80 = 25.20	90p or £0.90	M1	for a correct first step from which a complete method could be developed, eg. $5.8(0) \times 3$ (= 17.4(0)) or 24.3(0) – 7.8(0) (= 16.5(0))
				M1	for complete method, eg. $7.8(0) + 5.8(0) \times 3 - 24.3(0) = 0.9(0)$
				A1	for answer in correct notation with correct units, eg. 90p or £0.90 (accept £0.90p and £0.9)
					[SC: B1 for an answer of £2.90]
	(b)		8.27pm	M1	for using 60 mins = 1 hour in the conversion of 102 minutes, eg. 1 h 42 mins or 1.42 or 1.7 or $(60+42)$ mins or $102-60$ or $102\div60$ or for an answer of $8.27$ am or $08.27$
				A1	for 8.27(pm) oe

# Pearson Edexcel – Specimen 2 - Paper 2 (Calculator) Foundation Tier

6 (a)	1 hr 4 mins	B1	cao
(b)	No + explanation	B1	for no + explanation, eg the 0717 from Swindon takes less than one hour

## Pearson Edexcel – Specimen 1 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Foundation Tier

7.

-					
	2		105	D1	
- 1	2		193	DI	cao
- 1					
- 1					

# OCR Thursday 05 November 2020- Morning (Non-Calculator) Foundation Tier

8.

6		7 50 [am] <b>oe</b>	4	<b>B2</b> for 2 [hours] or <b>M1</b> for 100 ÷ 50	B2 may be implied by 120 mins
				M1 for 10 10 [am] – their 2 h – 20 mins	

9.

19	6 with correct working	5		"Correct working" requires evidence of at least B2 AND B1 or alternate convincing approach
			B2 for 40 (LCM) identified or	Eg attempts to count in 40
			M1 for multiples of 8 and 20 up to at least 40	May be seen as clock times eg 0808, 0816, 0824, 8.20, 8.40, 9.00, Condone 1 error in either list FT other values Accept also if starting from 0801
			AND	
			B2 for indicates 40, 80, 120, 160, 200, 240	Implies previous B2 Accept as times [0800], 8.40, 9.20, 10.00, 10.40, 11.20, 12.00 Condone [0801], 8.41, 9.21, 10.01, 10.41, 11.21, 12.01
			or B1 for [time =] 269 oe or 270 oe M1 for <i>their</i> time ÷ 40 oe	eg Accept 4 hours 30 mins For M1 accept 4 correct multiples of 40 listed Condone 1 error FT other values Accept as times as above
			If 0 scored, <b>S</b> C1 for answer 6	

## OCR Thursday 07 November 2019- Morning (Non-Calculator) Foundation Tier

10		44	3		Ignore units throughout
				<b>M2</b> for 66 ÷ (15 ÷ 5) [×2] oe or <b>M1</b> for 15 ÷ 5 or 5 ÷ 15 or 5 × 66 oe	May be implied by 22

# OCR Tuesday 21 May 2019 – Morning (Calculator) Foundation Tier

23	(a)		11.37 [am]	4	B3 for 11.37 pm OR B2 for listing the next 3 correct times of both buses. i.e. $8.55$ , $9.13$ , $9.31$ and $8.57$ , $9.17$ , $9.37$ OR B1 for listing the next 3 correct times of one bus i.e. $8.55$ , $9.13$ , $9.31$ or $8.57$ , $9.17$ , $9.37$ Alternative method B3 for 3 [h] (must be sure 3 is not minutes) OR B2 for [LCM=] 180 or answer 14 37 or 2 37 pm OR M1 for [18=] $2 \times 3^2$ or $[20=] 2^2 \times 5$ allow in a tree diagram etc or [LCM=] $180k$ ( $k \neq 1$ ) OR B1 for listing the next 3 multiples of 18 and 20 i.e. 36, 54, 72 and 40, 60, 80 See appendix for other methods
	(b)	t t	accept any correct assumption e.g. buses keep to the timetable or here are no delays or here are no changes to the timetable or hey do not cancel any buses	1	See the appendix for other comments, if there is more than one comment mark the best one providing there are no incorrect comments

# OCR Tuesday 11 June 2019 – Morning (Calculator) Foundation Tier

12.

10	a	Gaming	1		
	b	A correct calculation or $\frac{150}{360}$ oe or	M1	$150 \div 360 \text{ or } 360 \div 150 \text{ or } 360 \div 3 \text{ or } \frac{1}{3} \text{ of } 360$	For M1 oe is equivalent fraction
		360 150 oe		or 150 × 3	eg $\frac{5}{12}$
		Justify rejecting Jack's assertion	A1	Must be comparison between  two fractions with common denominator or values or  two angles or  two values	Match answer to calculation or statement $\frac{150}{360}$ oe and $\frac{1}{3}$ oe with common denominator or 0.4[] and 0.3[] or 2.4 and 3 or <i>their</i> 450 and 360
					See appendix
	С	1 [h] 15[min]	4	B3 for 1.25 [hours] or $1\frac{1}{4}$ [hours] or 75 [minutes] OR B1 for [Reading =] 90 M2 for (5 or 300) × $\frac{their\ 90}{260}$ oe or (5 or 300) ÷ $\frac{360}{their\ 90}$	Working may be in hours or minutes  May be seen on diagram. Allow symbol
				or	oe M2 for (5 or 300) ÷ 4
				B1 for $\frac{their\ 90}{360}$ soi $\frac{1}{4}$ or $\frac{360}{their\ 90}$ soi 4	
				ALTERNATIVE METHODS	
				M1 for [150 + 30 =] 180 B1 for [reading =] 90 M1 for (5 or 300) ÷ 2 M1 for 360 ÷ 5 soi 72 M1 for their (5 or 300) ÷ 2 ÷ 2 M1 for 90 ÷ their (360 ÷ 5)	M1 for 300 ÷ 360 or 360 ÷ 300

# OCR Tuesday 6 November 2018 – Morning (Calculator) Foundation Tier

18	10:50 [am]	4	SC3 for 10:50 pm	
			OR	
			B2 for LCM as 140 or 2 hours 20 [min] and M1 for [0] 8:30 plus <i>their</i> LCM	Their LCM must be correctly converted to hours and minutes
			OR	
			M1 for 20 = 2 x 2 x 5 and 35 = 5 x 7 and M1 for [0]8:30 plus <i>their</i> LCM	
			OR	
			B1 for listing [0]8:50, [0]9:10, [0]9:30 and B1 for listing [0]9:05, [0]9:40, 10:15	No incorrect times in between [0]8:30 and [0]9:30 or [0]8:30 and 10:15

# OCR Thursday 25 May 2017 – Morning (Calculator) Foundation Tier

14.

23	(a)	4 points accurately plotted	2	<b>B1</b> for 2 or 3 points accurately plotted	Condone missing or incorrect lines
	(b)	Here are 4 different categories, Compares the number of people in the whole of 2015 to the whole of 2016 (e.g. there were more people shopping in 2016) Compares same seasons in 2015 with seasons in 2016 (e.g there were more in Jul—Sept 2016 than in 2015) Compares seasons within the same year (e.g in 2016 there were more customers in the summer months) Compares increases / decreases in the number of customers, referring to gradients (e.g the biggest change was between Jul—Sept and Oct-Dec) Do not allow comparisons that only refer to the shape of the graph (e.g. it goes up and down again or it peaks in Jul—Sept)  mark for each acceptable comment - for 2 marks they must come from different categories	2	B1 for 1 correct comment	If they make 3 comments mark the best 2.  It is possible to cover 2 categories in one comment for 2 marks

## OCR Sample Question Paper 3 – Morning/Afternoon (Calculator) Foundation Tier

4		(£)255	6	M1 for 6.5 [hours]	
				M1 for 19.5 [hours] or their '6.5' × 3	
			4 AO3.1d	<b>M1</b> for <i>their</i> '19.5' × 10	
				M1 for [£]15	
				M1 for their '15' × 4	

# AQA Tuesday 19 May 2020 – Morning (Non-Calculator) Foundation Tier

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	its
	Dan and 20			
	Ad			
	If answer lines blank, up to 2 marks n			
	Accept twenty for 20 Accept 2:10			
	Do not accept 130 for Dan			
	Condone 20 and Dan	B2		
6(a)	Condone incorrect time notation if red eg 2.30 – 2.10 = 20, answer Dan and	B2		
	Samir and 20	B1		
	Dan alone does not score a mark			
	eg Dan and 30 on answer line, with 1	B1		
	eg Dan and 30 on answer line, no wo	B0		
	eg Dan and 2 min 30 s is more	B0		
	2:50 – 1:30 = 20, answer of Dan and	В0		
	130 = 2.1(0)			В0
	Unless recovered130 s = 2.10 mi	r of Dan and 20	B2	
	Accept any two conversions that ena	arisons		
	eg 130 = 60 + 60 + 10 and 2.5 = 60 -	+ 60 + 30		B1
	2 min 10 with incorrect units			B1
	eg 2 h 10 in working, answer Dan and	l 20 (re	covered)	B2

Q	Answer	Mark	Commer	nts
	Wednesday and 3(.00) pm or Wednesday and 15.00(h)	B2	B1 Wednesday or 3(.0 or 2days 7h or 48 + 7	
	Ad	ditional G	Guidance	
	Allow 1500 or 15:00 for 15.00 Do not allow 15 or 15(00) pm for 15.00			
6(b)	Allow 3 (o'clock) in the afternoon for 3 Do not allow 03.00 pm for 3(.00) pm			
	Do not ignore incorrect conversion of			
	Mark intention eg W and 3 pm			B2
	Wed and 3 am or Wed and 3			B1
	55 – 7 = 48			B1

AQA Thursday 6 June 2019 – Morning (Calculator) Foundation Tier

	Alternative method 1				
	24 ÷ 4 × 3 or 18	M1	oe		
	their 18 × 60 or 1080	M1dep	oe 1080 implies M2		
	1080 and $\frac{3}{4}$ (of a day)	A1			
	Alternative method 2				
	24 × 60 or 1440	M1	oe		
	their 1440 ÷ 4 × 3 or 1080	M1dep	oe 1080 implies M2		
5	1080 and $\frac{3}{4}$ (of a day)	A1			
	Alternative method 3				
	24 ÷ 4 × 3 or 18	M1	oe		
	1000 ÷ 60		may be seen in either order (M marks not dependent)		
	or 16(.6) or 16.7 or 17	M1	[16 h 36 m, 16 h 42 m] implies division		
			16 or 17 may be embedded		
	16(.6) or 16.7 or 17 or [16 h 36 m, 16 h 42 m] and	A1	16 or 17 may be embedded		
	18 and $\frac{3}{4}$ (of a day)				

	Alternative method 4					
	24 × 60 or 1440	M1	oe			
	1000 ÷ their 1440 (× 100)		oe			
	or $\frac{25}{36}$ or 0.69 or 69()%	M1dep	$\frac{25}{36}$ or 0.69 or 69(	.)% implies M2		
	$\frac{25}{36}$ and $\frac{27}{36}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ (of a day)					
	or					
	0.69 and 0.75 and $\frac{3}{4}$ (of a day)	A1				
	or					
5 cont	69()% and 75% and $\frac{3}{4}$ (of a day)					
	Additional Guidance					
	Ignore units for the M marks but they mark					
	$\frac{3}{4}$ of 24 is insufficient method unless a correct method or 18 is seen					
	Once 1000 ÷ 60 or 16 or 16.6 or 16.7 or 17 is seen in Alt method 3, ignore any incorrect conversion to hours and minutes. If the student only shows hours and minutes, they must be in the given range.					
	Do not accept $\frac{3}{4}$ (of a day) in equivalent	A0				

# AQA Monday 12 November 2018 – Morning (Calculator) Foundation Tier

	$3\frac{3}{4}$	B1		
12	Additional Guidance			

# AQA Thursday 24 May 2018 – Morning (Non-Calculator) Foundation Tier

19.

	1(.00) + 3 – 5 or 1(.00) – 2 or (Time in London) 4.(00)(am) or 04:00 or New York is 2 hours behind Rio	M1	oe implied by 11(.00) allow 24 + 1(.00) + 3 - 5 or 24 + 1(.00) - 2	5		
	11(.00)pm or 23.00	A1	correct time presentation	n		
9	Additional Guidance					
	Time notation – allow 23:00, 23:00, 23					
	23.00pm	M1A0				
	11(.00) or 11am or 11 o'clock	M1A0				
	1-2=-1	M1A0				
	-1 with no calculation shown			M0A0		
	- 2 (hours) (only)			M0A0		

# AQA Thursday 7 June 2018 – Morning (Calculator) Foundation Tier

	315	B1					
12	Additional Guidance						

## AQA Monday 6 November 2017 – Morning (Calculator) Foundation Tier

21.

1 135 B1
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## AQA Thursday 25 May 2017 – Morning (Non-Calculator) Foundation Tier

22.

	210	B1				
1	Additional Guidance					

#### AQA Tuesday 13 June 2017 Morning- Morning (Calculator) Foundation Tier

23.

	Alternative method 1				
	18 (hours) or 36 (half hours) or 24 (minutes per hour)	B1	their hours × 2 × 12 implies 24		
	18 × 2 × 12 or 18 × 24 or their hours × 2 × 12 or their hours × 24 or 36 × 12 or their half hours × 12	M1	oe		
11	432	A1	Ignore fw in an attempt to convert 432 minutes to hours and minutes		
	Alternative method 2				
	Build up method using 12 minutes or 24 minutes with at least three additions	M1			
	36 additions using 12 minutes or 18 additions using 24 minutes	M1dep			
	432	A1	Ignore fw in an attempt to convert 432 minutes to hours and minutes		

Additional Guidance continues on the next page

	Additional Guidance				
	7 hours 12 minutes with 432 in working	B1M1A1			
	7.2 hours or 7 hours 20 minutes with 432 in working	B1M1A1			
	18 hours 18 ÷ 2 = 9 (half hours) 9 × 12 108	B1M1A0			
	7 hours 12 minutes without 432 in working	B1M1A0			
11 cont	7.2 hours without 432 in working	B1M1A0			
cont	their hours × 2 × 12 implies 24 eg 2 2 2 2 2 (6 hours, 12 half hours)) 12 × 12 144	B1M1A0			
	Condone division of their number of hours by 2 to imply an attempt to calculate their number of half hours eg 10 hours $10 + 2 = 5 \text{ (half hours)}$ $5 \times 12$	B0M1A0			

# AQA Sample Paper 1– Morning (Non-Calculator) Foundation Tier

5	$\frac{2}{3}$ or $\frac{40}{60}$ or 0.6	B1	Allow 0.67 or 0.66 or better
	135	B1	